

# MOSPEC

## COMPLEMENTARY SILICON POWER TRANSISTORS

The MJ15003 and MJ15004 are power base power transistors designed for high power audio, disk head positioners, linear amplifiers, switching regulators, and other linear applications.

### FEATURES:

- \* High Power Dissipation  
 $P_D = 250 \text{ W } (T_C = 25^\circ\text{C})$
- \* High DC Current Gain and Low Saturation Voltage  
 $hFE = 25(\text{Min}) @ I_C = 5.0 \text{ A}, V_{CE} = 2.0 \text{ V}$
- \* For Low Distortion Complementary Designs

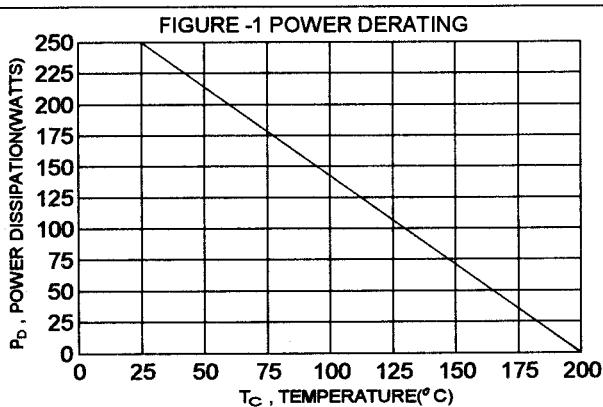
### MAXIMUM RATINGS

Characteristic	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO(\text{SUS})}$	140	V
Collector-Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	140	V
Emitter-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	5.0	V
Collector Current-Continuous Peak (1)	$I_C$ $I_{CM}$	20 30	A
Base Current-Continuous Peak (1)	$I_B$ $I_{BM}$	5.0 10	A
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above $25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	250 1.43	W W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-65 to +200	$^\circ\text{C}$

(1) Pulse Test: Pulse width = 5 ms, Duty Cycle < 10%

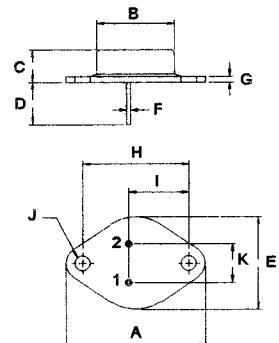
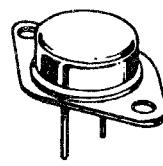
### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	$R_{\theta jc}$	0.70	$^\circ\text{C/W}$



NPN PNP  
**MJ15003 MJ15004**

20 AMPERE  
 COMPLEMENTARY SILICON  
 POWER TRANSISTORS  
 140 VOLTS  
 250 WATTS



PIN 1.BASE  
 2.EMITTER  
 COLLECTOR(CASE)

DIM	MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX
A	38.75	39.96
B	19.28	22.23
C	7.96	9.28
D	11.18	12.19
E	25.20	26.67
F	0.92	1.09
G	1.38	1.62
H	29.90	30.40
I	16.64	17.30
J	3.88	4.36
K	10.67	11.18

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (  $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted )

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
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## OFF CHARACTERISTICS

Collector - Emitter Sustaining Voltage (2) ( $I_c = 200 \text{ mA}$ , $I_b = 0$ )	$V_{CEO(\text{SUS})}$	140		V
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = 140 \text{ V}$ , $I_b = 0$ )	$I_{CO}$		250	uA
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = 140 \text{ V}$ , $V_{BE(\text{off})} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ ) ( $V_{CE} = 140 \text{ V}$ , $V_{BE(\text{off})} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ , $T_c = 150^\circ\text{C}$ )	$I_{CEX}$		100 2.0	mA uA
Emitter Cutoff Current ( $V_{EB} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ , $I_c = 0$ )	$I_{EBO}$		100	uA

## ON CHARACTERISTICS (2)

DC Current Gain ( $I_c = 5.0 \text{ A}$ , $V_{CE} = 2.0 \text{ V}$ )	$h_{FE}$	25	150	
Collector - Emitter Saturation Voltage ( $I_c = 5.0 \text{ A}$ , $I_b = 500 \text{ mA}$ )	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$		1.0	V
Base - Emitter On Voltage ( $I_c = 5.0 \text{ A}$ , $V_{CE} = 2.0 \text{ V}$ )	$V_{BE(\text{on})}$		2.0	V

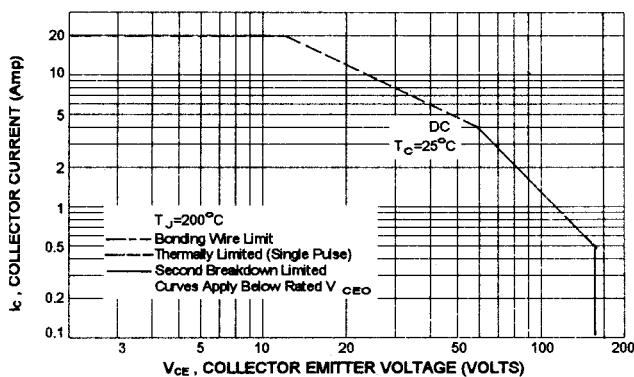
## DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Current Gain - Bandwidth Product (3) ( $I_c = 500 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ , $f = 0.5 \text{ MHz}$ )	$f_T$	2.0		MHz
Output capacitance ( $V_{CB} = 4.0 \text{ V}$ , $I_E = 0$ , $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ )	$C_{ob}$		1000	pF

(2) Pulse Test: Pulse width = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2.0\%$ 

(3)  $f_T = |h_{re}| \cdot f_{\text{test}}$

FIG-2 FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA

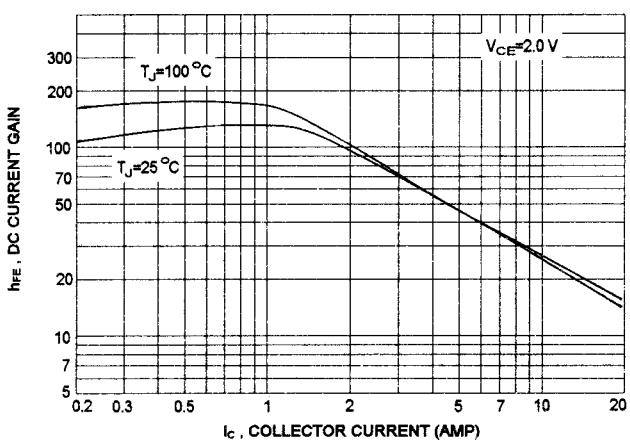


There are two limitation on the power handling ability of a transistor: average junction temperature and second breakdown safe operating area curves indicate  $I_c$ - $V_{CE}$  limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than curves indicate.

The data of FIG-2 is base on  $T_{J(PK)}=200^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $T_c$  is variable depending on conditions. At high case temperatures, thermal limitation will reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown.

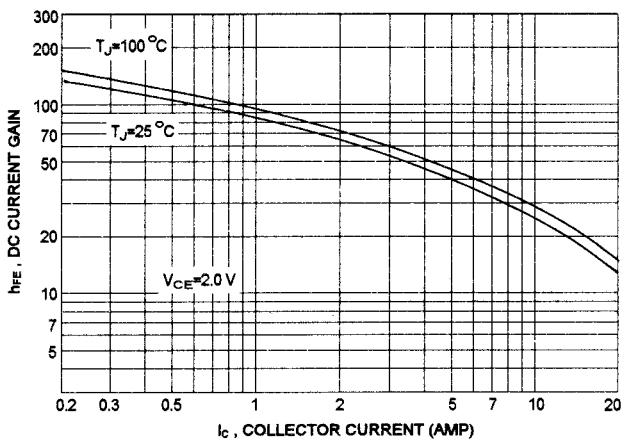
## MJ15003 NPN / MJ15004 PNP

MJ15003



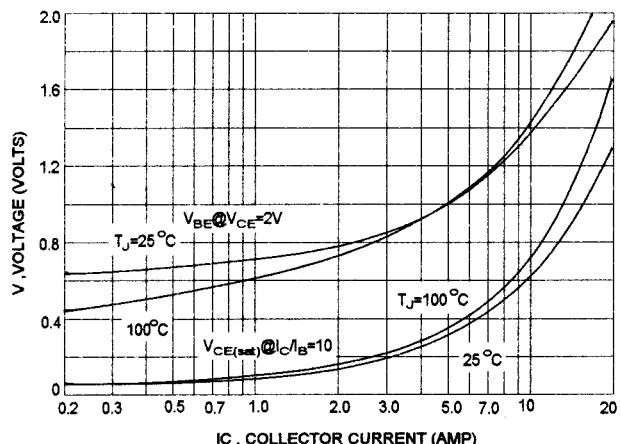
DC CURRENT GAIN

MJ15004

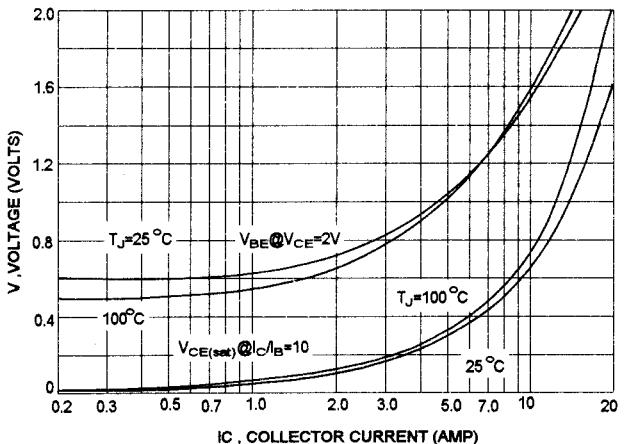


"ON" VOLTAGE

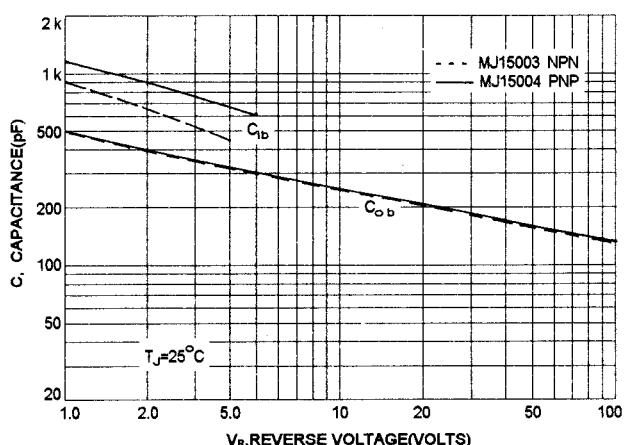
MJ15003



MJ15004



CAPACITANCES



CURRENT GAIN- BANDWIDTH PRODUCT

